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The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 237, Vol. VI. CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1874. [Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.
WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS
AND
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:

- Teas, of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
- Coffees not to be surpassed in quality
- Cocoa, and Chocolate of the best brands
- Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf
- Essence of Muscatel, Sherry, and Brandy
- Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces
- Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality
- Tabacco—Imperial, Ruby, Twist, Barret's
- Twist, Old Sport, and Virginia
- Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene
- Candles of the best brands
- Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

Wakatipu Oats, Wheat, and Chaff

Islay Whisky—Arbuckle and Long Jones

Hennessy's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case

J.D.K.Z. Geneva

Burnett's Old Tom

Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk

Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's

CORDIALS.

Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.

Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
IRONMONGERY
Beg. to call public attention to the following:

- Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Shovel Forks; Pannikins, Gold Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvas; Hose
- Pipes. Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co.'s with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO'S
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,
CROMWELL.

SHAMROCK STORE,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,
FAMILY GROCER,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,
is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

Cromwell Advertisements

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE, &c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

I. WRIGHT,
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,
HABERDASHER, AND
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in

DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpaca, all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.

Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts

Toilet Covers, Matting and Druggeting

Ladies and Children's Underclothing

BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of

Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in leather, kid, and cashmere

Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery

Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods

Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery

Perfumery, Musical Instruments

Berlin and other Wools

Paperhangings, Brushware

Tobacco and Cigars

and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGENT.

JOHN MARSH.

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

BRIDGE HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

STARKEY'S
KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Alcock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

Cromwell Advertisements

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE,
DUNEDIN, and MELBOURNE,

ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

DRAPERY; BOOTS AND SHOES; GROCERIES; WINES, SPIRITS, AND PROVISIONS; IRONMONGERY; CROCKERY; BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS; GRINDERY; FURNITURE AND BEDDING; SADDLERY; AND PATENT MEDICINES.

A supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD, always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,
LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

Having opened a branch establishment in Dunedin, solely for the manufacture of

MENS' CLOTHING,

We are in a position to offer to the public a SUPERIOR CLASS OF GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, and our customers may rest assured that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,

&c., &c., &c.

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Minors' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge,
Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND MACHINIST.

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES 12s.
DRAUGHT " 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

J. W. THOMPSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Mr JAMES SLOAN as Farrier and Blacksmith. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

THOMPSON'S
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,
CROMWELL.

THOMAS FOOTE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION
AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

K. P R E T S C H,
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.,

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Cromwell

E. MURRELL,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
CROMWELL.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and
MUSICAL BOXES cleaned
and repaired.
Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address :
NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

**THE CROMWELL BAKERY.**

J. SCOTT,
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread
regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on
hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams,
Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout
the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE,
Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared
to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any
quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. GOODGER, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

TO FARMERS.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE will be purchasers
during the forthcoming season of any quantity
of GOOD MALTING BARLEY.

GOODGER & KUHTZE.

ARROW FLOUR MILLS.

To Runholders, Storekeepers, Bakers,
and others.

Messrs BUTEL BROS. have much pleasure
in announcing that they have appointed D. A.
JOLLY & Co., of Cromwell, as their agents for
the sale of their SILK-DRESSED FLOUR,
BRAN, and POLLARD.

JOLLY & Co. will be prepared to promptly
execute orders within a radius of Sixty Miles.

FLOUR GUARANTEED.—TERMS LIBERAL.

D. MACKELLAR,

ACCOUNTANT and
GENERAL AGENT.

Manager of { Star of the East Quartz Mining
Company, Registered ;
Colleen Bawn Quartz Mining Com-
pany, Registered ;
Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs
M'Cormick, Grant, & Richards).

AGENT for { The Norwich Union Fire Insurance
Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specifications
prepared,

Cromwell

**CHEAP DRAPERY AND
CLOTHING STORE.**

COME EARLY AND SEE J. SOLOMON'S STOCK NOW OPENED
OUT OF

New Autumn and Winter Goods.

NEW MILLINERY

NEW DRAPERY

NEW CLOTHING

NEW BOOTS

NEW FANCY GOODS

&c. &c. &c.

It is impossible within the limits of an advertisement to GIVE AN IDEA of the
EXTENT AND VARIETY of the New Stock.

ONE CALL WILL CONVINCE ANYONE it is the BEST and CHEAPEST
IN CROMWELL.

J. S. is determined to continue SELLING CHEAP throughout the Winter.

Purchase your Winter Outfit from the

CHEAP DRAPERY STORE
IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY.

CROCKERYWARE;

A GREAT SACRIFICE IN CONSEQUENCE OF GIVING UP THIS BRANCH.

MILLINERY & DRESSMAKING

Under the management of Mrs Solomon.

J. S O L O M O N,

THE ORIGINAL CHEAP DRAPER.

(Premises lately occupied by the Bank of New Zealand.)

J. R. COWAN,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
AND CONVEYANCER,

C R O M W E L L.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes
on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and
most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be
carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who
have much pleasure in calling the attention of
the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their
New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any
hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any
other portion of the District. They therefore
respectfully solicit a continuance of the patron-
age heretofore bestowed, with the conviction
that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to
at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend
to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth.
Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the
district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. „ delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

F. SANSOM, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on
business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr
Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict atten-
tion and moderate charges, to merit the public
patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every
description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

NEW RUSH
TO THE
London House.

W. TALBOYS

Has just returned from Dunedin, after purchas-
ing a large stock of
DRAPERY, CLOTHING, & BOOTS,
At a small advance on the English cost, which
will be sold at such prices as must command a
SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Goods will be sold CHEAPER than at the late
Clearing Sale.

The motto of this House will be Small Profits
and Quick Returns. 2½ per cent. will be al-
lowed on all cash transactions, and 5 per cent.
will be charged on all accounts not paid within
a month. Goods will be sold on these terms only.

Note the address:

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE,
231 CROMWELL.

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'
HALL.

MAX GALL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Large stock of Patent Medicines always on hand,
and sold at a price considerably lower
than ordinarily charged.

MAX GALL,

Begs to inform the public that the whole of his
stock may be relied upon as being of a first-class
character; and he hopes, by giving the utmost
care and attention to his business, to deserve
and get the support of the inhabitants of Crom-
well and the surrounding districts.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this
date. **I. LOUGHNAN.**
Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27tc

Kawarau Gorge

KAWARAU GORGE COALPIT
AND
LIME-KILN.

The undersigned begs to announce that the
above pit is in splendid working order, and that
he is raising coals of an excellent quality.

In connection with the pit, he is also working
a LIME-KILN, and is prepared at a day's no-
tice to supply first-class building lime in any
quantity, and at reasonable rates.

J. W. ROBERTSON.

Bannockburn

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-
HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions
kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from
Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POS-
SIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN,
NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the
increasing requirements of those districts, he
has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's
Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for
Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.



WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,
(Late of Logantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,
Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the
public generally that they have removed to
QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick
Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict atten-
tion to business and reasonable charges, to merit
a share of their patronage.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the
above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel,
is now in a position to offer first-class accommo-
dation to all who may favour him with their
patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on
the most complete scale, and the arrangements
for the comfort of visitors and travellers are
second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized table

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

Alberttown

ALBERT HOTEL,
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very exten-
sive improvements in the above old establish-
ment, and can now offer unrivalled accommo-
dation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY
always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember
that they can still make themselves perfectly at
home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERT TOWN.

Luggate

AMBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE, (opposite the station)

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to

the Lake Wanaka, (the only hotel on the

road between the Lake and the station)

H. MAIDMAN, Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-

modation for the comfort and convenience of

travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery,

Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at

Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLES.

N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully

situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake,

offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker

advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is ex-

ceedingly picturesque; and on an island in

the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent four-stalled STABLE, and a

Paddock for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL, Proprietor.

Arrowtown

P. P. R. T. C. H. A. R. D.

Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,

ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines,

Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district.

A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes,

Drapery, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON & Co.,

Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,

Dunedin and Melbourne.

Queenstown

THE Right Man in the Right Place.

W. J. BARRY

AT THE

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,

QUEENSTOWN.

The accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES

is unsurpassed. New rooms have lately been

erected for private families, and visitors may

depend upon every convenience and comfort

combined with moderate charges.

HOT DRINKS.

Hot Purl; hot spiced Ale and Porter; Coffee

Royal; hot Coffee and Milk. Steamer always

going.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL

Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,

QUEENSTOWN.

COACHES! COACHES!

YE END AND POPE

beg to inform the travelling public that

on and after FRIDAY, 20th MARCH, they

will extend their line of Coaches from

DUNEDIN and LAWRENCE to

QUEENSTOWN,

via Teviot, Clyde, and Cromwell; leaving the

Empire Hotel, Dunedin, for Lawrence, every

morning, at 9 a.m.; and leaving Armstrong's

Commercial Hotel, Lawrence, for Clyde every

TUESDAY and SATURDAY morning; return-

ing from Cox's Port Philip Hotel, Clyde, MON-

DAYS and FRIDAYS, in conjunction with the

Queenstown Coach.

This line will be well found with quiet and

steady horses; good and comfortable coaches

will be provided, under the management of ex-

perienced drivers; passengers may therefore

rely on travelling with safety and comfort.

Fares.

Through from Dunedin to Clyde £2 10

Queenstown £3 10

Intermediate stages and parcels at proportionate

rates.

BOOKING OFFICES.

Empire Hotel ... Dunedin

Armstrong's Commercial Hotel ... Lawrence

Cox's Port Philip Hotel ... Clyde

Richard's Hotel ... Queenstown.

YE END & POPE

PRINTING
THE ART PRESERVATIVE OF ALL ARTS.

CROMWELL ARGUS

General Printing Office

MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & MACKELLAR,

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE

PRINTERS,

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

PRINTING

OF EVERY KIND.

In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, COLORED, EMBOSSED

CARDS

In endless variety of style.

ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments

Societies, &c. &c.

BALL PROGRAMMES,

NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars,

Printed in New and Elegant Type,

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON FIRST-CLASS LOAN PAPER.

POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes

Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING!

The Cromwell Argus

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

And delivered the same day.

BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.

SUBSCRIPTION:

SIX SHILLINGS & QUARTER.

CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:

Each insertion under four, per inch..... 3/

On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25%.

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS

On still more liberal terms.

The charge for Birth and Marriage Announce-

ments is Half-a-crown each, payable at the time

of insertion.

CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY CO., REGISTERED.

Nominal Capital £12,000,
In 12,000 shares of £1 each.

SECOND ALLOTMENT OF SHARES.

DIRECTORS.

Mr JAMES TAYLOR Mr JOHN MARSH
„ JAMES HAZLETT „ WILLIAM GRIFFITHS
„ DAVID A. JOLLY „ WM. GOLDSMITH
Mr JAMES STUART.

An extraordinary meeting of shareholders was held in the Company's office on Wednesday, 11th February, 1874, at which it was resolved to re-open the share list of the Company, which, it will be recollected, was closed upon the 1st of December last, and up till which time 2195 shares had been taken up.

The same meeting authorised the Directors to borrow the sum of £4000 from the Government, to aid in carrying on the works if it were found necessary. It was unanimously felt that even if it should not be required, the power to draw upon such a sum would give increased stability to the Company.

Eleven and a half miles of the race have been already completed, at a cost of nearly £3000, and there only remain now a little more than six and a half miles to be finished before the race is complete. During the progress of these six miles, creeks will be crossed from which seventeen sluiceways of water are granted to the Company, independently of the Coal Creek supply. About four chains at the present time only remain to be cut, before a creek is reached from which two heads are granted. The Directors at the same time do not wish to conceal the fact that the completion of the six miles will be attended with as much difficulty as was met with in the first eleven and a half miles.

The Directors feel assured that the merits of the Carrick water scheme are too well known and recognised to require many remarks from them. The water will, when brought in, command one of the largest sluicing and quartz mining districts in Otago, and one which only requires a supply of water to develop its hitherto almost untouched resources. As an instance of the demand which at present exists for water on the Carrick, it may be mentioned that the sum of five pounds per week is now paid by the United Star and Oak and Elizabeth quartz companies for a supply which cannot be said to equal one-quarter of a sluiceway.

Under all the circumstances briefly indicated above, the Directors expect to be well supported in further prosecuting the undertaking. Eight of the local shareholders who were present at the extraordinary meeting were so well satisfied with the progress of the work, that their names were put down at the conclusion of the meeting for 780 additional shares.

The conditions under which shares will be allotted are as follows:—Two shillings and sixpence to be paid upon application, and the balance in monthly instalments of two shillings and sixpence each.

D. MACKELLAR,
Manager.

The applications for shares in the Carrick Range Water Supply Company (second issue) will be considered and determined on the 1st of July next ensuing, or at the first meeting of Directors thereafter held.

Mr W. GRAM BELL, of Dunedin, and Mr Wm. HAYES, of Lawrence, are authorised to receive applications on behalf of the Company.

D. MACKELLAR,
Manager.

F O R S A L E.

The COTTAGE on the Carrickton Road, near the Caledonian claim.—Apply to

JAMES TAYLOR,
Cromwell.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of books in every department of literature; and about £40 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly, 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

JULES LA FONTAINE,

WHEELWRIGHT,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL,

Is prepared to execute all orders and repairs intrusted to him.

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales

ALL CURES MADE EASY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern; they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Bad Legs Scalds
Bad Breasts Sore Nipples
Burns Sore Throats
Bunions Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes Scurvy
and Sandflies Sore Heads
Coco-bay Tumours
Chiego-foot Ulcers
Chilblains Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas Cancers
Gout Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings Joints
Lumbago Elephantiasis
Piles Chapped Hands
Rheumatism Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Quartzville, Carrickton, and Nevis, every Sunday, at 9 p.m.

For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.

For Dunedin, via Teviot, Tuapeka, and Tokomairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Gibbston, Morven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queenstown, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 9 p.m.

For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, Pembroke, and Cardrona, every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.

For money orders and registered letters, not later than 2 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 a.m.

From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Tuapeka, and Teviot, every Friday, at 9 a.m.

From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Morven Ferry, Gibbston, Edwards's, and Kawarau Gorge, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.

From Nevis, Carrickton, and Quartzville, every Tuesday, at 3.30 p.m.

From Cardrona, Alberton, Pembroke, Luggate, and Bendigo, every Thursday, at 3 p.m.

£2 REWARD.

LOST, from the Cardrona, about four months ago, a BAY FILLY; no visible brands; white stripe on face; white on off hind leg. Information to be given to

ARCHD. CHALMERS,
Cardrona.

CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

The Committee of the Cromwell Jockey Club are prepared to receive offers for FENCING IN the Cromwell RACECOURSE. The use of the enclosure, 300 acres, for a term of years, to be taken as payment.

Tenders, stating the NUMBER OF YEARS, to be sent in to the SECRETARY, at Starkey's Kawarau Hotel, on or before 1st JULY.

Nature of Fence required and all further information can be obtained on application to
G. M. STARKEY,
Hon. Secretary.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE "PIONEER" DREDGE,
Now on the River Kawarau, about a mile above the Gentle Annie Bridge; with all the plant, tools, etc., used in working the same.

Terms reasonable.

For particulars as to terms, etc., apply to the Office of this Paper, or to

JOHN PERRIAM,
Lowburn.

£4 10s. PER OUNCE FOR GOLD.

GOLD will be found to be worth the above price by purchasing at the

GREAT CLEARING SALE
at W. TALBOYS'

LONDON HOUSE,
CROMWELL.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTER'S RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription:

Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

STOCK AND PRODUCE.

THE Undersigned has for sale, in lots to suit purchasers:—

- 500 bushels of Oats
- 10 tons of Straw Chaff
- 3 tons Potatoes
- 5 brood Mares, with foals
- 3 Fillies
- 1 Colt, two years old
- 1 Clydesdale Entire, with girth and bridle complete. This horse has proved himself a sure foal-getter.

My reason for disposing of the above property is that I am leaving for England.

CHARLES HAIR.

FOR SALE.

ONE SIXTH SHARE in the RISE AND SHINE Water Race and Claim, Bendigo Gully.

The Company has a right to twelve heads of water, and the claim is in good working order at the present time.

Also, a **FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE**, situated near the claim.

For terms and particulars, apply to this office, or to the owner,

JOHN JONES.

FOR SALE.

TENDERS are called for the PURCHASE of that valuable property, the ROYAL STANDARD QUARTZ CRUSHING MACHINE, at Quartzville, Carrick Range; together with the Plant, Tools, Quicksilver (about two bottles), etc. etc.

The Machine is enclosed by a substantial building, with Coal-house attached. It is of 12-horse steam power, and a Battery of EIGHT STAMPERS, in excellent condition and good working order.

Sealed tenders, addressed "Tenders for Royal Standard machine," to be sent in to the Manager, GEORGE JENOUR, Cromwell, not later than the 29th May instant.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

BEST PORT WINE

FOR INVALIDS

Can be obtained of D. A. JOLLY & Co.

Price, 63s per dozen.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

Parties holding SUBSCRIPTION LISTS for the above are requested to send in a copy of names and amounts subscribed AT ONCE, for the purpose of having same embodied in a Memorial to be presented to the Provincial Government.

By order.

C. F. JOHNSON,
Secretary pro tem.

CAUTION.—Spurious "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT."

I take leave most respectfully to inform the public of Australia that spurious imitations of my medicines, emanating from the United States, and labelled "Holloway's Pills" or "Holloway's Ointment," London and New York, are being sold in the Australian Colonies.

I have but one place of business, as at foot, and there only are my genuine remedies manufactured; allow me, then, to caution you against being victimised by unscrupulous vendors.

Should any person be so deceived, and will kindly inform me of the same, I will take such steps as will effectually put a stop to this imposition.—I remain, with great respect,

Yours faithfully,

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

533, Oxford-street,
London, January 13, 1874.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

With the view of improving the sanitary condition of the Town, the Citizens are hereby recommended to fill up their present Closets by putting therein Quickslime, and filling up with earth or sand. The use of Earth Closets is also recommended, and, as will be seen by advertisement, is proposed to be made peremptory.

Quickslime for the above-named purpose can be had on application to the Town Clerk, who will also be provided in a few days with Chloride of Lime for disinfecting purposes.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

OWNERS OF DOGS and GOATS are requested to take notice that the Registration Fee is due, and payable at my office.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

April 1, 1874.

New Advertisements.

£2 REWARD.

LOST, on Mount Pisa Run, a Bay DRAUGHT HORSE, branded H on near shoulder, last seen near Mr WILLIAM PERRIAM'S.

Reward paid on delivery of the horse to

JOHN MARSH.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

BYE-LAW No. 3 of the Council of the Town of Cromwell, made under Part 13 of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867."

In pursuance of the powers and provisions contained in Section 186, Part 13, of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," the Council of the Town of Cromwell ordain as follows:—

Bye-law to suppress the use of ordinary privies, and to provide for the use of earth closets within the Town of Cromwell.

Any person guilty of any of the following offences, omissions, or neglects within the Town of Cromwell shall, on being convicted of any such offence, omission, or neglect, be liable to pay any penalty not exceeding Five Pounds (£5); that is to say:—

1. Having on any premises, or under the control of the owner of any premises, any excavation for the deposit of excrementitious matter.
2. Having any kind of closet or privy other than those known as earth-closets.
3. Having earth-closets unprovided with a box or other movable receptacle for excrementitious matter, or having the same below the surface or floor of such closet.
4. Neglecting to keep or use in any earth-closet a supply of dry earth reasonably sufficient for disinfecting or deodorising purposes.
5. Neglecting to clean out, or to provide for the cleaning out, of any earth-closet at least once within every fourteen days.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

WANTED, a good General Servant.

Apply to Mrs KELLY, Golden Age Hotel, Cromwell.

NOTICE.—I hereby notify that JOHN TOWAN has applied to the Waste Land Board to purchase the Land at present occupied by him on Run 245, being Section 2, Block I., Cromwell District, and containing 50 acres. Any objections to the granting of said application must be lodged in writing at the District Land Office, Clyde, on or before the 11th day of June, 1874.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
District Officer.

Clyde, 22/5/74.

CALEDONIAN QUARTZ MINING CO., LIMITED.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will take place at the Registered Office of the Company, Princes-street, Dunedin, on FRIDAY, 12th JUNE, 1874, at 4 p.m.

Business: The Election of Directors, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

W. ORAM BALL,
Manager.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

A REGULATION has been adopted under Sub-division 2, part 8, of Schedule 13, of the "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," for the Town of Cromwell; and the same is now deposited for the inspection of any person interested at the Town Clerk's office, for seven days from the date of this advertisement.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

May 25, 1874.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND, CROMWELL.

TENDERS are invited for the ERECTION of a CHURCH in Stone or Timber at Cromwell. Plans and Specifications to be seen at W. TALBOYS', where tenders will be received up to TUESDAY, June 2.

J. JONES.

In the Estate of DAVID TAGGART, late of the Mount Pisa Hotel, deceased.

WE, the undersigned, hereby authorise MRS BYRON to collect all outstanding accounts in the Estate of the late DAVID TAGGART, of Mount Pisa Hotel.

HAZLETT & BECK,
Trustees in the above Estate.

CHALLENGE.

THE Advertiser is open to RUN any man in the Cromwell or Dunstan District any distance from 50 to 440 yards, for any sum from £5 to £20.

To be heard of at the Office of this Paper.

AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB.

Those interested in the formation of an AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB in Cromwell are requested to meet in the Town Hall on Friday evening, the 29th inst., at eight o'clock.

NEVIS FERRY BRIDGE OPENING.

Mr J. McCORMICK has much pleasure in announcing that the above Bridge will be FORMALLY OPENED FOR PUBLIC TRAFFIC on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, at 2 o'clock p.m.

The Inhabitants of the Cromwell District are respectfully invited to be present on the occasion.

REFRESHMENTS will be provided FREE FOR ALL.

DEATH.

On the 26th inst., at Smallburn, HENRIETTA, wife of B. de Bettencor; age, 26 years.—The Funeral will take place on Thursday, the 28th, leaving Smallburn at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends will please accept of this intimation.]

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1874.

At the meeting of the Town Council on Thursday night, Bye-law No. 3 and a Regulation, which had previously been proposed, were adopted. They will be found in our advertising columns.

A private letter from one of the members of the Provincial Council, received in Cromwell yesterday morning, gives the welcome intelligence that there is every probability of the subsidy to our local Hospital being successfully carried in the Provincial Council.

At Darlington, New South Wales, a Mrs Ayton has been struck dead by lightning.

The last crushing of the Heart of Oak, cleaned up during last week, gave a return of 111 ounces.

Warden Robinson, having recovered his health, is shortly to return to Naseby to resume his duties. Warden Stratford returns to the Arrow.

The *Lyttelton Times* learns that Mr Watt, the owner of Lurline, intends to send his famous mare to Melbourne, to strive with worthy competitors in the next Melbourne Cup to be run for in November. It will be interesting to note how the New Zealand crack fares in Australian company.

Mr MacKellar has given notice of motion as follows:—"That a respectful Address be presented to His Honor the Superintendent, requesting that a sum of £200 be placed upon the Supplementary Estimates, for the formation of a road between Cromwell and Cardrona, via Mount Barker."

Cromwell yesterday did not show many demonstrations of loyalty in honour of Her Majesty's birthday. Some of the principal business places were closed, and this was all. The only rejoicing in honour of the event in the district was a ball at Kawarau Gorge, but we have not heard how successful it was.

Petitions have been presented to the Provincial Council praying for the suppression of Sunday traffic on the Port Chalmers railway, with signatures to the number of nearly 5000. Mr Turnbull is to move, to-day, that only one train in the morning and one in the afternoon on Sundays be run, except in cases of urgency.

On the occasion of Mr Thomas Johnston, who has managed the *Arrow Observer* for the past twelve months, leaving that district, a number of gentlemen met in the New Orleans Hotel for the purpose of taking farewell of him. He was presented with a testimonial address, numerously signed; and it was stated that the short notice of Mr Johnston's intended departure alone precluded the making of a more substantial presentation.

Wednesday, June 3, instead of Monday, the 1st, as originally intended, is now fixed for the opening of Mr M'Cormick's new bridge at Nevis Ferry. Mr M'Cormick intends to put forth every effort to make the affair a great success, and those who remember how enjoyable a day was spent at the opening of the Bannockburn Bridge will not be slow to take advantage of this opportunity for a day's holiday. Everybody is invited, and refreshments will be liberally provided.

Mr De Lantour has given the following notice of motion in the Provincial Council:—"That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Superintendent, requesting him to place on the Supplementary Estimates such a sum as may appear to him sufficient as a bonus for the best gold-saving apparatus—for saving gold extracted by hydraulic sluicing—that can be devised cheap enough to be practicable; said apparatus to be constructed subject to such competition and regulations as to His Honor may seem fit."

The following rather neatly turned comparison was made by the Provincial Treasurer in his reply to Mr Fish during the recent debate on Mr Bastings' motion of want of confidence:—"When I came into the chamber this afternoon I felt very much like a prophet. The prophet I refer to is the prophet Jonah. And the reason was that I was in fear of being swallowed up by a Fish. I think the parallel would have been good had my fears been realised, for I predict that I should have disagreed with the hon. gentleman's stomach."

A gentleman who has lately arrived from Cromwell says that Dr Coughtrey's report is likely to have something like the same effect upon the Town Council of that place as a quantity of water poured upon a duck's back, unless the public opinion is brought to bear very strongly upon the Councilors. We hope the report is not a correct one, or that, if it is, public opinion will be brought to bear in such a manner as to effect the necessary reforms in the sanitary condition of the flourishing little township alluded to.—*Guardian*.

At the weekly meeting of the Waste Land Board held on Thursday, the 14th inst., the following plan for a pre-emptive right was submitted for approval, and the shape of the area approved:—Mr Henry Campbell, section 3, block III., Lower Wanaka.—Messrs Joseph Harding and Co. asked information as to what facilities would be given them for starting a fish-curing establishment on the south-west coast of Otago. It was resolved that applicants be requested to make a specific application for land, or otherwise inform the Board as to their exact wants.

On Tuesday, May 19, a very important sale of land took place in Dunedin. It was that of the sections on the reclaimed ground behind Messrs Driver, Stewart, and Co.'s stores. The sections were Nos. 1 to 8 inclusive, block LII. Sections 7 and 8, and part of 6, are under water, but the Government undertakes to reclaim them within a year. The sale was attended by a large number of the leading men of the City. The total sum realised was £10,720, and the area of ground sold was two acres, less ten poles. The sections under water brought from £1250 to £1375.

Elsewhere it will be noticed that a meeting is called for Friday evening of those who take interest in the formation of a Cromwell Amateur Dramatic Club. Talent exists among us, as was proved last winter, when several highly successful performances were given. No doubt those who so kindly and ably gave their services then will come forward once more, while "new blood" will not surely be found wanting. One reason we have heard mentioned for starting such a club at this time is, that shortly the new Atheneum will be finished, and hardly a more fitting accompaniment to its opening could be devised than a performance such as a club, started now, would then be in a position to give. We hope to see some interest shown in the matter on Friday night.

It is currently reported that when the General Assembly meets, a Bill will be introduced for the purpose of amending the laws relating to public houses that in it there will be a provision for the abolition of barmaids. — *Times*.

Owners of safes would do well to be on their guard. A robbery of an unusual character has been committed in this city during the past fortnight, the object of the thief or thieves being apparently to secure the means wherewith to engage in the commission of burglarious acts. We learn that some four dozen blanks for keys have been stolen, and that these blanks can be readily filed into shape for opening safes. These blanks are from an inch and a half in length downwards. The theft has evidently been the work of an experienced craftsman, who means business in his line. We wonder if any accomplished London burglars have received free passages into the country as agricultural labourers from the paternal Dr Featherston and his discriminating agents. It would look like it. The police are making strict search into the robbery, and with the public on its guard, any attempts at acts of burglary are almost certain to be nipped in the bud. — *Daily Times*.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 5.19 p.m.

The James Nicol Fleming, from Glasgow, with 300 immigrants, arrived in Port yesterday morning.

The *Guardian* this morning contains a long article on the imprisonment for debt of an unfortunate man named Stead, in which the Sheriff, Watt, figures in a very unenviable manner.

Governor Du Cane, of Tasmania, accompanied by the Hon. W. H. Reynolds, has been visiting our public institutions during the past day or two.

During last year, according to the report of the Commissioner of Annuities, 1400 proposals for insurance, amounting to £547,600, were made. Of these, 309 were rejected, representing £120,650. The gross annual income of the Department has increased by £16,429. Nine claims on the fund have been made, amounting to £2801.

At the Resident Magistrate's Court, on Saturday, the notorious John Morrison was charged with forging the name of Warden Simpson to a cheque. He was remanded till next Saturday, when a number of other charges will be preferred.

The races to-day were run under the depressing influence of a continuous down-pour of rain. There were only about 500 people on the course. The following are the results of the different events:—

HURDLE RACE.—Kildare, 1; The Plum, 2; Falcon, 3.

TROTTER RACE.—Tommy, 1; Maggie, 2; Jessie, 3.

MAIDEN PLATE.—Congreve, 1; Miss Rowe, 2; Schoolboy, 3.

BIRTHDAY HANDICAP.—Mabel, 1; Miss Rowe, 2; Baroness Burdett, 3.

SELLING RACE.—Wee Lad, 1; Schoolboy, 2; Gamester, 3.

TUESDAY, 9.5 a.m.

A distressing boat accident, which resulted in the drowning of four young men, took place in the Bay yesterday afternoon: Seven young men left Dunedin in a boat for the purpose of visiting the Regatta at Port Chalmers. They had sailed down to Cross Channel, near Quarantine Island, when a heavy squall struck the boat; and the sheet having been foolishly made fast, she immediately capsized, and four out of the seven occupants were drowned. One swam ashore, and two were rescued from the bottom of the boat, to which they clung after she capsized. The four who were drowned were named Andrew Skene, Frank Cassell, Frank Butterfield, and William Lenton.

The City of Adelaide is at Auckland with the English 'Frisco' mails.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held on Thursday evening last. Present: the Mayor (Mr Dawkins), Crs Wright, Hayes, Pierce, Jolly, and Grant.

The minutes of former meeting were read and confirmed.

The outward correspondence was of little moment.

The inward correspondence was read, and the matters opened up by it treated seriatim.

RAILWAY EXTENSION.

In relation to this matter, and in accordance with a request from the Clyde Council, it was agreed that a memorial from the Council should be forwarded to Mr MacKellar, M.P.C., for presentation to the Provincial Council, in re the extension of the railway from Tuapeka up the valley of the Molyneux.

WATER ANALYSIS.

It was ordered that Professor Black should be thanked for his recent analysis of Cromwell water, and informed that any further information he might be able to give on the subject would be thankfully received by the Council.

THE BYE-LAWS.

A telegram had been received from Mr MacKellar, stating that the Provincial Solicitor was of opinion that the Corporation bye-laws were fully legal, and it was agreed to ask the Solicitor to telegraph personally his opinion on the subject.

[His opinion has since been received, and as it is affirmatory of the legality of the bye-laws, a rehearing of the case against John Marsh, charged with permitting a nuisance on his premises, will be asked. This case, it

will be remembered, had to be withdrawn, because it was held that the bye-laws had not been properly gazetted.]

BANNOCKBURN BRIDGE.

In consequence of a letter from the President of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association, a sub-committee was appointed to get a petition, asking the Government to purchase the bridge and do away with the toll-fees thereon, signed throughout the town; such petition to be returned to the Bannockburn Miners' Association, who would forward it to the Superintendent.

STREET ENCROACHMENT.

Mr William Scott applied that he might be allowed to erect a fence on the street a foot outside the boundary of his property. He wished to grow a hedge fence, and unless he had an outside protection, cattle would destroy the young plants as fast as they appeared.

Cr Jolly said it was highly advisable to encourage the planting of shrubs, &c., but it was just as highly inadvisable to grant the request of Mr Scott, as it would set a bad precedent.

Cr Grant agreed with Cr Jolly. One foot was all that was asked for in the present instance, but the next application would possibly be for two feet.

MINISTERIAL TAXATION.

The Rev. B. Drake wrote, asking the Council to remit his rates. He had lived in Cromwell for six years, and until the present year had not been rated.

The Town-clerk, as Assessor, explained that Mr Drake's house was his private property, and not the property of the congregation. Besides this, Mr Drake had purchased a number of sections in his own name at recent land sales; and these were the reasons he had been rated on this occasion.

After some discussion on the subject, and explanations from Councillors who were also members of the Church Committee as to the terms on which Mr Drake held his house and the property on which it stood,

Cr Jolly moved, and Cr Hayes seconded, "That the property on which the Rev. Mr Drake's house stands be exempted from rates, but that rates on the other sections cannot be remitted." Carried.

SANITARY MEASURES.

This subject was opened up by the Mayor reading a letter from Dr Coughtrey, in which he urged that the recommendations he had made when addressing them should be carried out without delay.

In connection with the subject, a letter from John Baker was also read, in which he offered, on consideration of being allowed to sell the manure, to accept more liberal terms in regard to his contract with the Council. Several Councillors expressed the opinion that as the Council had undertaken the reclamation of the sandy waste at the west end of the town, and as the manure would be an agent to this end, Mr Baker should not be allowed to dispose of the manure otherwise than by depositing it at the place agreed upon.

The Mayor drew attention to the custom of waggons camping near Mrs Box's hotel, in close proximity to the water race. It was agreed to call the attention of the Inspector of Nuisances to the matter, with the view of having the custom put a stop to.

Coming back to consideration of Dr Coughtrey's letter, Cr Jolly wished to know what steps had been taken in regard to the carrying out of the suggestions made by that gentleman.

The Mayor explained that he had called a meeting for the Monday evening following the Saturday on which Dr Coughtrey had addressed the Council, but only two, besides himself, thought it necessary to attend. A quantity of chloride of lime had been thrown over the bank, but nothing else had been done. A considerable amount of money was required to carry out some of the suggestions, and he did not like to accept the responsibility.

Cr Grant's spirit moved him to say a few words in connection with the subject of Dr Coughtrey's letter. The Superintendent had sent the Doctor to report, and he had reported; but where were his credentials? Who was he? What experience had he? He was a young man, and apparently a clever one, but they knew no more of him. He said that bad water, &c., caused the disease, and Dr Black's analysis, which was not encouraging either as regarded the present or future water supply, lent colour to this opinion. But certainly Cr Grant, and probably other Councillors, would like to know, before incurring the serious expense which the carrying out of Dr Coughtrey's recommendations would entail, whether the Doctor were a thoroughly reliable adviser.

Cr Jolly agreed with Cr Grant. Dr Coughtrey had been very severe, and Cromwell was shown up all over the country. They should not question his ability perhaps, but it was easy to find fault. Cromwell was in no more filthy a condition than other small towns; and Dunedin, he felt sure, was a great deal worse. The cesspool nuisance there was far greater than in Cromwell. Dr Coughtrey's report had reflected on them so strongly as citizens, that he really thought it should be combated. The fact was, he believed, Dr Coughtrey had preconceived opinions that the fever arose from certain causes; and he came to find those causes, and found them at all hazards. The Doctor, he thought, had used exaggerated language, and had made Cromwell out to be a sink-hole of filth, while really it was not a whit worse than its neighbours.

Cr Grant said Dr Bakewell's letter was the first intimation people had received that it was unwise to visit the sick, in consequence of the contagious nature of the disease. Surely that intimation should have been

made by local medical men on the appearance of the disease. He suggested that it would be better to wait on Dr Coughtrey's printed report, before taking any steps such as the Doctor had suggested; he had stated that he was only skinning the surface when he had addressed them, and it would be advisable to wait for further information.

This suggestion was generally agreed to. A motion was proposed, thanking the Superintendent for his promptitude in sending Dr Coughtrey, but it was allowed to stand over pending the receipt of the Doctor's printed report.

Bye-law No. 3, as previously proposed and advertised, and a Regulation also advertised, were adopted.

POSTAL SERVICE.

A sub-committee was appointed to draw up a memorial on the above subject without delay.

ACCOUNTS.

A number of accounts were handed in. Those from the Town Clerk, Escott and party, T. Hayes, Hayes and Williams, J. Wright, and J. Baker were passed for payment. One from R. Brown, having been previously refused to be paid by the Council, was rejected.

REPAIRING THE RACE.

The upper portion of the town race was ordered to be repaired, and Cr Hayes was requested to see the work performed.

PERMANENT LEVELS.

Tenders were ordered to be invited for forming the permanent levels of Innis-street.

DISTRICT ROADS.

Cr Grant proposed, and Cr Hayes seconded, "That a Committee, consisting of the Mayor, Crs Pierce, Hayes, and the mover, be appointed to enquire what sums of money have been advised to be placed on the estimates for roads, &c., in this district, and that Mr Fergus, District Engineer, be requested to give any information in his power."

NOTICE OF MOTION.

By Cr Jolly, as follows:—"That tenders be called for piping sufficient to reach from where present piping terminates to the Bridge."

A vote of thanks to the Mayor concluded the proceedings.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

ROCKY POINT FERRY.

To the Editor of the *Cromwell Argus*.

SIR,—For the information of the travelling public, and with a hope that the nuisance may be thereby discontinued, I beg to lay the following facts before your readers. Yesterday, (Friday, 22nd inst.) a friend and myself left Cromwell, purposing to visit Wakefield; but on our arrival at the above-named Ferry, we found that we could not get either M'Lachlan or M'Pherson, the proprietors, to attend to our repeated "cooys" or shouts, although we could hear them very distinctly from our side of the river. And after waiting some twenty minutes or so, endeavouring to attract their attention, we had then the satisfaction of returning without having effected the object of our journey. By this treatment, I have lost a day and given my horse a fruitless journey of some 20 miles or so,—no mean consideration, I can assure you, in an all-round trip,—whilst my friend has to again venture an attempt to reach his destination, with the pleasing uncertainty in view whether he will get across or not.—I am, &c.,

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER.

Cromwell, May 23, 1874.

DUNSTAN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

May 25, 1874.

A paltry account of £4 7s. 6d. has been in dispute and occupying the attention of our Town Council now and again for the last ten months. On Thursday last, it culminated in a case before the Resident Magistrate. The facts are simply these. A sum of £25 was voted by the Council about June or July last year, for the purpose of making a better entrance into Spring-street, immediately in front of the Port Philip stables. The Public Works Committee, Messrs Auckland, Cox, and the then Mayor, Mr Cambridge,—expended the amount of this vote on labour, and it was found that a certain quantity of stone was required to finish the job. Cr Cox agreed to supply stones which he had lying close to the spot, at the price he paid for them, namely, 3s 6d per load; or he offered to lend them to the Council if they would deliver a like quantity. Cr Auckland agreed to take the stones on these terms, but when the account came before the Council, they refused to entertain it, and passed a resolution not to pay it. At the hearing of the case, Cr Auckland deposed to purchasing the stones, doing so under certain powers given to a Public Works Committee to spend ten pounds unauthorised in any one month. The defendants' solicitor, Mr Wilson, did not dispute that the quantity of stones had been used, and could give no reason why the Council should not pay for them; but he rested his defence on a point of law, to the effect that sub-committees had no power to enter into contracts. The Magistrate wisely remarked that this was a case which should have been settled out of Court. It was quite plain the stones had been supplied, and it was scarcely fair to raise a legal obstacle to the payment of them. He would, however, reserve his decision for a week.

The same matter had been discussed by

the Council at a sitting on the evening previous to the hearing of the case. Cr Aldridge wanted to know why the Council refused to pay for the stones, seeing they had been obtained and used, and he recommended they should be paid for. Cr Auckland also urged the Council to pay for the stones, and not to go to Court to be held up to ridicule by every paper in the Province, for by doing so they would certainly make fools of themselves. The Mayor was also averse to going to Court, but as the Council had already refused to pay the account, he could not see how it could now be paid. He would be willing to give a pound out of his own pocket to settle the affair. Crs Clark and Beck were against paying the account, and in favour of letting the case go to trial.

At the same meeting, a minute of a previous sitting, to the effect that £50 be handed to Mr M'Pherson, in consideration of his punt being extended to the approval of the Council, and the charges reduced to the same rates as those at the Alexandra punt, was ordered to be carried out. On the consideration of a letter from Mr Eames, complaining that he only received 16½wt. of coal from Mr Main for what purported to be a ton, the Council is reported to be of opinion that the matter is one between buyer and seller, and they had nothing to do with it. The matter may not be within the power of the municipal body, but it certainly lies to some one's charge, for if I mistake not there is an Ordinance of the Provincial Council compelling owners of coalpits to have machines for weighing coals for their customers, and it surely is the duty of some one to see that this is carried out. Regarding the sanitary state of the town and certain contemplated public works, nothing definite was settled. But the closing scene, which, by the *Times* report, comes under the head of "Personal," is worthy of notice. The reporter of the *Dunstan Times*, wishing to address the Council in his capacity as a ratepayer, was called to order by one Councillor, told to ask permission of the Mayor by another, and informed by the Mayor that if he had anything to complain of to the Council, he must do it in writing. The reporter thus describes the scene:—"A Babel of voices was now heard, and a scene ensued that baffles description, alike derogatory to the Council and ungentlemanly in character, the closing sound being 'Shut up!' Mr Fache, however, kept his position, and said he desired to point out that the sections at the rear and in front of his private dwelling were used as a receptacle for every kind of filth, and wished the Council to have the same removed." Though the Council may not have added to their dignity by being paraded in Court over the paltry case already mentioned, surely there was no reason why they should be bullied into listening to anyone who was out of place in addressing them; and from his own account he would compel them to listen to him whether they would or not. The difficulty of the Council may easily be perceived. They could see their usual parliamentary terms to command silence fall, as Donald Reid might say, as water from a duck; and to make themselves understood, and as a last resource before calling the aid of the peace-protector, the forcible colonial expression "Shut up" was used.

The Pneumatic dredge has been laid up, the paddle-wheels for pumping air having been found to be impracticable. Three of the parties who were working her have taken the Salamander dredge on tribute, but have not yet commenced operations.

The two large wheels at the Clyde coalpit are again in motion, pumping out the mine. The owner expects to be getting coal soon if everything holds on well.

The ferry punt is hauled up, and is being enlarged, and will soon be capable of accommodating any traffic.

From the arena of politics, there is nothing of much interest as regards this immediate district, only that a Bill has been introduced to increase the borrowing powers of the Municipality, but for what purpose I am unable to say.

DUNEDIN LABOUR MARKET.

Mr John Skene, of the Dunedin Labour Exchange, reports as follows for the week ending 21st inst.:—

"I have to report for this week a steady and constant demand for all sorts of people. There is a decided scarcity among ploughmen, gardeners, and farm hands. Shepherds are mostly asked for this week for short jobs. Skilled labourers of all kinds are fully employed, and splendidly paid. Plenty men here say they regret the time they spent at college, instead of learning a trade. Good useful girls cannot be got; they seem to disappear the moment they land; let their numbers be small or great. A good many 'Aias' are in the Barracks still, and will be; but do not condemn the whole shipment, as many who came by that ship are really excellent people. There are several Home ships past due; they are anxiously looked for by many. Wages hold good at the following rates:—Farm servants, £60 and £65, and found; married do., wife to cook, £75 to £90. House girls average £40; if good cooks, £52. Masons, carpenters, and bricklayers average 14s. per day. Day labourers get 1s. an hour. Miners from 9s. to 11s. per day. Gardeners by the week get 33s. and found; if by the year, £63."

The Challenger leaves Sydney in a fortnight to take soundings along the New Zealand cable route. Preliminaries along the New South Wales coast are in the meantime being arranged.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1874.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

KAVANAGH v. GOODGER.

Claim, £14. Mr Cowan, who appeared for defendant, applied for a nonsuit on the ground that the terms of the account were not sufficiently explicit. The wording was, "money obtained while under the influence of drink." This did not in any way show the nature of the debt. Here the plaintiff interposed to the effect that perhaps it would be as well for him to throw up the case. He would prefer the police to act in the matter.

His Worship said if there were anything criminal in connection with the circumstances of the case, a civil action could not possibly be brought. The account was certainly not specific enough. Would Kavanagh go on with the case or not? Let him say decidedly.

The plaintiff would proceed with the case. Mr Cowan urged his demand for a nonsuit. What was defendant sued for?

Plaintiff said that, from the circumstances of the case, he was unable to make the plaintiff note more explicit. He intended to prove, by means of witnesses, that Goodger entered into a conspiracy with two others to take money from him by illegal means; he had supplied those parties with money on purpose to rob him (Kavanagh) at cards, while he was drunk.

His Worship suggested to plaintiff that he should accept a nonsuit. The other side could urge that they were unprepared. It was a pity plaintiff had not taken legal advice. Evidently the case was a serious one, and the whole matter should be exposed.

Mr Cowan said there was not a particle of truth about Kavanagh's statement, and when the time came, his client would be quite prepared to meet the plaintiff. He might say that Goodger would sue Kavanagh, in consequence of the statements made by him, that day in public Court.

The Magistrate granted the application for a nonsuit. If there had been any such disgraceful conduct as that hinted at, he hoped fresh action would be brought, as much for the sake of one party as the other, for the matter strongly affected Goodger as a publican. His professional costs would be allowed.

HAZLETT v. McDONALD.

Claim, £7, on an I.O.U. William Hazlett appeared, by virtue of power of attorney, for his brother, Thomas Hazlett, the plaintiff.

The defendant confessed indebtedness, and would pay as he was able.

Mr Hazlett stated that defendant had lately received money from Auckland, and had sold his share in his claim; and instead of paying his debts, he had gone "on the spree."

Judgment was given for the amount claimed; failing payment, distress.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1874.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

Before the business in this Court was proceeded with, Mr Maenab would like to make an explanation. Certain certificates, one to Cameron and two to Olson, had been granted in mistake last Court-day. They should not have come on for hearing until the 29th.

The Warden proceeded to look over the documents in connection with the matter and the Court-books, and perceiving that there had been a mistake as explained, stated that the applications had been improperly heard, and must therefore be struck out.

Mr Colclough had a few words to say on the subject. The same kind of mistake had occurred before in connection with applications by Olson, and the thing looked suspicious. He was afraid Mr Maenab had purposely misled the Court. Olson had urged an objection to an application by Rove for a dam, on the ground that he possessed the very claim for which a certificate was wrongly granted on the 15th.

The Warden could not see that there was any purpose misleading in the matter. It was partly his own fault, and partly that of the Clerk of the Court.

MAIDMAN v. MAY.

Mr Cowan for plaintiff; defendant did not appear. This was an amicable suit, in which plaintiff applied that defendant should forfeit his right to a certain water race, his certificates not having been renewed.

Plaintiff explained that in the Resident Magistrate's Court the other day he got judgment against May, and to satisfy this judgment he wished to gain possession of the race. May was quite willing that he should have the race, and would have simply transferred it to him, if the certificates had been in proper legal trim.

The Warden ordered that May should forfeit, when Maidman might make application for the race.

APPLICATIONS.

Dam.—John Rowe and another, at Kawarau Gorge: adjourned from last Court-day, in consequence of objection by A. Olson. An understanding was come to and Olson withdrew his objection. Granted.

Protection.—John Saltoun, Royal Standard, 30 days: to prospect reef: granted.

PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

MONDAY, MAY 18.

Message No. 10 was received from the Superintendent, submitting the expediency of enabling the Government, by application to the General Assembly for authority to raise a loan, to proceed with the construction of light railways, as follows:—Waipahoe to Tapanui, 13½ miles, £32,000; main trunk to Kaitangata and Coal Point, 10 miles, £27,750; main line to Outran, 4 miles, £12,000; Palmerston to Waiheke, 10 miles, £25,000; Orepuke to Waiheke, 14 miles, £50,000; Tokomairiro branch, 5 miles, £14,000; Lawrence to Teviot, (including bridge over Clutha), 40 miles, £125,000; Otago to Nightcap, 15 miles, £40,000; main line through Seaward Bush, 10 miles, £20,000.

RESERVES MADE BY PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

Mr MacKellar asked the Provincial Solicitor—"To give some reason why the re-

serves passed last session by this Council have not been sanctioned by the General Government; and what action is intended to be taken by the Government in reference to said reserves?"

Mr Stout replied that no one in the Council could get at the reason why the reserves were not sanctioned, beyond what was given by the Colonial Government itself—that the endowments for Athenaeums were contrary to law. He himself could not make out why it should be legal to endow race-courses, and yet be illegal to endow Athenaeums. Such reserves had previously been regarded as lawful. The Provincial Government would take what action it could, and would ask the Colonial Government to explain more fully what is meant by "contrary to law"—as to what Statute had been contravened. Endowments for Athenaeums had always been sanctioned, and he was not aware why they had been refused on this occasion.

ADJOURNMENT.

After a considerable debate on the subject of the improvement of Otago Harbour, resolutions regarding it having been brought forward by Mr Stout, the question of including Stewart's Island in one of the electoral districts of the Province came up; and Mr Fish spoke against time, until the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, MAY 19.

Mr Ireland presented a petition from the Mount Benger Progress Committee, praying for the extension of the Tokomairiro and Lawrence Railway to Roxburgh.

MINERAL LEASES.

Mr R. Clarke asked the Provincial Secretary—"Why the information in reference to mineral leases—which was asked for by motion carried by this Council nearly a fortnight back—has not been granted, and when will it be?"

Mr Reid replied that the required information had not yet been furnished by the Wardens, who had been requested to do so.

ENQUIRY INTO AFFAIRS OF TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Mr Fish moved—"That a Select Committee be appointed to enquire into all matters connected with the Treasury Department, with power to call for persons and papers, and to report within seven days; such Committee to consist of the Hon. Dr Menzies, Mr De Lantour, Mr Davie, Mr Oliver, Mr Green, and the Mover."

The motion was lost on a division, by 19 votes against 11.

GOLD-FIELDS DUMMYSM.

Mr G. F. C. Browne moved—"That in consequence of a large amount of land being taken up under the Agricultural Lease Regulations on the Gold-fields (under the dummy system), in the opinion of this Council it is expedient that an officer be at once appointed to see that the Regulations are complied with—viz., that the holders of the different sections shall cultivate not less than one-eighth, and fence not less than one-half, of the section so taken up within twelve months after the commencement of the term." Within the last month or so, fully 10,000 acres had been taken up under the system he complained of, in the Taapeka district. The present officers could see that the Regulations were put in force.

Mr Hastings agreed with the motion, but thought it might be framed to meet another matter. He would therefore move an amendment—"That in order to enforce the regulations and the Agricultural Lease and Deferred Payment system, and to prevent dummism, it is necessary that an officer should be appointed to see that the conditions imposed are complied with."

The amendment was carried.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20.

CLYDE CORPORATION.

On the motion of Mr Stout, an ordinance, to increase the borrowing powers of the town of Clyde, was read a first time.

GOLD-FIELDS BILL.

Mr R. Clarke moved—"That the Gold-Fields Committee be requested to consider in conjunction with the Gold-fields Bill, subject to His Honor's Message No. 2, the report of the Gold-fields Delegation of 1871, the report of the Miners' Conference held at Taapeka in 1872, and the report of the Miners' Conference held at Clyde in 1874; and to embody the result of their considerations in their reports."

THURSDAY, MAY 21.

LINE OF RAILWAY FROM WAIHEKE TO CLYDE.

Mr De Lantour moved—"That, in the opinion of this Council it is desirable that, during the recess, a flying survey be made of a line of railway from Waiheke to Clyde, through the Maniototo Plains, the Ida Valley, and the Valley of the Manuherikia."

Mr McKenzie seconded the motion, which was agreed to on the voices after a short discussion.

ADJOURNMENT.

None of the other business was of an interesting nature, and the House adjourned until Tuesday, the 26th inst.

From New Caledonia comes the news that at Oubatche a man named Bateman, late of New Zealand, shot the Commandant for trying to elope with a girl, at one time a barmaid at the Greyhound Hotel, Auckland, who lived with Bateman as his wife. It is expected that Bateman will get off with three months' imprisonment. The Commandant lived twenty-two hours after being shot. Letters have been found from him, sending poison to the girl to give to Bateman.

Macassey v. Bell.

(Daily Times.)

The following telegrams disclose the charges which have recently been made to the Colonial Government, by Judge Ward against His Honor Justice Chapman, in connection with the action of Macassey v. Bell:—

Oamaru, April, 1874.

To Honourable Julius Vogel, Wellington. Great excitement in Dunedin consequent on Judge's order to produce telegrams. It is reported, and I believe not without some truth, that Macassey has got access to them. This should be looked into. You have a remedy. Surely there is ample proof of Judge Chapman's partiality in the matter. His son is a partner of Macassey's, and holds a brief in the case, and he is likewise godfather to Macassey's child. Will you attend to my suggestion and suspend Judge Chapman until after the meeting of the General Assembly? Send down Judge Johnston to try the case. You can get a copy of the Judge's order respecting the telegrams from the Deputy-Registrar. No suspicion whatever will be excited regarding what I mentioned. Do not hesitate; no time to lose; act at once.

C. D. R. WARD.

Oamaru, April, 1874.

To Honourable Julius Vogel, Wellington. I never make private complaints, of course I intend it to be a public one. I shall be in Wellington next week, and will then prove to you beyond all doubt how entirely interested Judge Chapman is in the whole affair. It would be the height of injustice to allow him to hear the case. He works only through Macassey. No one else has a chance. Not a moment to be lost; act at once, or they will succeed.

C. D. R. WARD.

Export Duty on Gold.

(Mount Ida Chronicle.)

It is a matter for some satisfaction that the Provincial Council agreed to the formal recommendation being passed—as to the advisability of the gold export duty being reduced—because, by our importunity, we may some day weary out the General Assembly to agree to the ultimate abolition of an indefensible exaction. At the same time, the affirmation, without a division, of such a motion does not mean much. We prefer rather to wait the practical resolution to be brought forward when in Committee of Supply. Gold duty is, under the Gold Duties Act, allocated to the Provinces conditionally upon each Province paying for the administration of its own Gold-fields. The revenue is specially classed as land revenue, and consequently it is in the power of each Province to do exactly what it likes with it. If the cost of the administration of the Gold-fields in Otago exceeded the revenue derived from gold duty, we could not urge the abatement of a single sixpence as a right, although it might even then be shown to be politic. As it is, we find the Province reaping a handsome balance of something like £8000, which was never intended by the Colonial legislature. The motion we refer to to test this question asks the Council to agree to a reimbursement, at the Customs, to the exporters, of sixpence an ounce. This plan was first mooted in the Mercury, and in its crude shape we hardly saw how it could be worked out; but we are free to admit that, having studied the matter more closely, there can be no doubt there is no practical difficulty in the way, except the will of a majority of the House. That we cannot count upon, but may fairly hope for. The effect of a motion so carried would be to make the banks offer, owing to the competition that has happily started among them, an additional sixpence to each seller of gold, and in that way the producers would reap the benefit. Probably before we go to press, the motion may have been dealt with. Whether lost or won, this seems the direction practical attack should take towards the reduction of the duty, and we are fairly indebted to the conductor of the Mercury for first publicly pointing it out.

Electro-plated Copper Plates.

Some time since the experiment was tried on the Thames by one or two of our batteries as to how copper plates, electro-plated before being laid on the battery tables, would act as far as their attractiveness in catching any particles of gold passing over them. For some time a doubt, and a very reasonable one, was experienced as to whether the electro-plating would, when brought into contact with mercury, peel off, if not entirely, at least in patches. The sharp trial the plates electro-plated in use at the Moanatahi battery have stood has proved beyond the least shadow of a doubt the superiority of copper electro-plates for battery tables over those dressed in the ordinary way. The electro-plates at the Moanatahi battery were hardly treated fairly as to the position on the tables in which they were put. The tables are what in battery parlance is termed step—the electro-plates are placed on the bottom section of the tables, and thus would, in the case with other plates, catch the least of gold, the two above them having had first chance. Not at all strange to say, the electro-plates in the Moanatahi have caught the most gold, their surface having more affinity to the gold passing over them. How, or why, is a question for scientists, which should be by them immediately taken up. It is all very well to depend on the blankets, surely it is a "bird in hand," and saves further anxiety as to its caging. The use of electro-plates on our bat-

tory tables was urged long and long ago. What the actual first cost may be the writer is uninforming; but if, when a plate, as it is first laid down, immediately attracts gold, why not use them? By no known method of dressing copper plates in the old style, is the object effected. We most heartily commend electro-plates to the attention of up-country managers, where the water they use is in almost every instance, the best they can get, but the worst they could possibly use. The writer by experience caught more gold after it had passed over plates and blankets, in contrivances twenty yards away from the battery, than in it.—*Thames Star*.

A Nice Young Man.

We take the following from Monday's *Southland Times*:—"There was an unusually large attendance of spectators at the Resident Magistrate's Court-house on Saturday. The cause of this was, presumably, to behold in person, and to learn the particulars of the recent career of a young man who has lately been playing a hat is called 'the heavy swell' in Southland, and was that morning brought into Court on a charge of forgery. The spectators, however, were disappointed, for the accused, having been charged on a warrant issued from Dunedin, was, after being identified and sworn to as the person described in the warrant and the *Police Gazette*, simply remanded to that city. The young man, who has for some time gone under the name of James Sutherland, was only quite lately released from Dunedin gaol, in which he had done a six years' penal servitude for a crime similar to that with which he is now charged. In April last he went to reside at Gavin's Hotel, in Dunedin, where he represented himself as being 'the son of a run-holer in the Waitaki district. Some time towards the end of the month he left his hotel to go, as he said, on a cattle buying tour on behalf of his uncle; and so, having hired a horse from his landlord, he started on his journey. After his departure from Dunedin, the police discovered that he had uttered a forged cheque, and intelligence to that effect was of course forwarded to the various police officers throughout the province. The place to which he was traced after leaving Dunedin was Palmerston, where he is said to have forged and uttered several cheques. After going up to the Waitaki, and calling at some small townships, he seems to have visited Oamaru, in which place he remained only for a few hours, leaving it on the night of the same day on which he arrived. From Oamaru he went to Cromwell, and from thence to the Nevis, where it appears he had what is technically denominated a 'heavy drunk,' in consequence of which he lost himself among the ranges. In his bewildered wanderings he arrived at a shepherd's hut, where, it is said, he turned Mr McGavin by that time jaded steed adrift, and unobtrusively took possession of a grey nag belonging to the shepherd. He then proceeded on his journey, with the intention of visiting the Nokomai, but the next place he chanced to reach was Kingston, where he spent liberally and drank profusely. The next we hear of him is at the Elbow Hotel, where it seems he uttered another forged cheque. Arriving in Invercargill late on the evening of the 9th inst., he put up at the Club Hotel, and, having given out that he was the son of a runholder in the Waitaki, he soon secured numerous acquaintances. After staying a day or two in town, he sold the shepherd's grey horse to Mr George Smith, of the Gladstone Hotel. He became possessed of the 'open sesame' to several select social circles, and, like a true knight errant, he made love to an ingenious young damsel, and even proposed, and was accepted. All this time the police of various parts of the province were anxiously looking for the gay cavalier, who was quietly taking his 'ease at his inn.' About this time, the middle of last week, our own guardians of the peace received intimation of the 'man and his deeds'; he seems to have taken a pleasure jaunt into the country. This reached the ear of Sergeant Fleming, who with characteristic skill, traced the rover to Wallacetown, and thence through the Mabel district to Woodlands, where it was found he had been paying a complimentary visit of inspection to the Meat Preserving Works. The indefatigable Sergeant, tracking the object of his anxious care from one place to another, at last came upon him at a place a few miles on the Southland side of the Mataura Bridge, to which they journeyed on pleasantly together, the so-called runholder's son little knowing the business and intentions of his sociable fellow-traveller. On arriving at the bridge, the Sergeant quietly succeeded in inducing his companion to visit the police camp, where, coming to see how the wind blew, he made an agitated attempt to swallow some luncheon which he had in his pocket, but Sergeant Fleming succeeded in preventing him. The prisoner afterwards told his captor that he had resolved if possible never to be taken alive; but the Sergeant, he confessed, was altogether too clever for him. The captor was certainly an important one, and was very cleverly done. Sergeant Fleming is, we think, entitled to something more than credit. The prisoner, we believe, instead of being sent to Dunedin, is to be tried in Invercargill, having committed indictable offences in this district."

A Calcutta telegram of May 18 says the Government are relieving two millions of famine sufferers. Three hundred thousand tons of grain have been served by the authorities.

The inhabitants of the Cromwell district are sometimes puzzled to know which is the best and cheapest establishment to purchase their supplies of drapery and clothing at. They should no longer remain in doubt on that score. If they will only pay one visit to W. Talboys' London House, they will discover for themselves that it is not only the cheapest but the best store at which to deal for these articles. Mr Talboys has made arrangements to import his stock direct from the Home markets, and the public can rest assured that everything will be sold by him at an advance only sufficient to repay the original cost, and return a fair percentage on the outlay. Every article in Mr Talboys' establishment is marked in plain figures, from which no abatement is ever made. A fuller description of the stock will be found in advertisement in another column.—[A.D.V.]

New Tower of Babel.

The *Scientific American* contains a sketch or engraving of a centennial tower 1000ft. high, with which it is proposed to commemorate the hundredth anniversary of American independence, in connection with the Great Exhibition of 1876. This sketch or engraving stands in the foreground of the picture, and is grouped with the Pyramids of Egypt, Strasburg, Minster, St. Peter's of Rome, St. Paul's of London, the Capitol at Washington, Trinity Church, New York, and other large edifices, with the view of showing their relative heights. The Tower of Babel is not there, probably owing to the uncertainty of its architectural construction, but we are approvingly reminded that its builders said, "Let us go and make us a name," and that it is in every way fitting for the Americans to imitate the example of the immediate descendants of Noah.

What befel this pile of brick and mortar when it reached the height of 156ft. gives the projectors of the Pennsylvania Centennial Tower no great concern. They rather glory in the fact that they shall be able to carry their structure 850ft. higher towards "heaven" than what we have been taught to regard as a stupendous piece of folly; and that they shall be able to substitute iron for bricks in its construction, and bolts and screws and girders for mortar or lime. Indeed, they seem to make it their boast that their Centennial Tower, although small as compared with the mighty works of nature—the vast peaks of the Himalayas, for instance—will as far overtop the loftiest spires or domes on earth as the giant trees of California overtop the tallest maples or elms, and that they shall gain as much in their structure over all others in durability as in height, on account of the material employed. Its greater liability to be struck by lightning does not appear to have occurred to them, or is not, at any rate, hinted at.

Messrs Clark, Reeves, and Co. are the designers of the proposed Centennial Tower, and it is to be executed at their Phoenixville Bridge Works, Philadelphia, of American wrought iron throughout. It is to be 520ft. higher than the great pyramid of Cheops, 532ft. higher than Strasburg Minster, 543ft. higher than the dome of St. Peter's, Rome, Michael Angelo's greatest work; 546ft. higher than the Chephren pyramid, the successor to that of Cheops; 635ft. higher than St. Paul's, London, Christopher Wren's masterpiece; 713ft. higher than the Capitol at Washington, and it is to be circular in its form, with a base of 150ft. in diameter, diminishing to 30ft. at the top. Through its entire length, there is to be a central tube, with four elevators capable of carrying 600 persons up and down per hour, at the rate of three minutes up, and five minutes down, and around the central tube there is to be a spiral staircase for such as prefer that mode of ascending and descending. The estimated cost of the fabric is 1,000,000dol., say £200,000 to £250,000 sterling, and the time to be occupied in its construction one year. Its location is to be Fairmount-park, in close proximity to the grounds on which the buildings for the Great Centennial Exhibition are being erected.

Sections of the work, illustrative of its mode of construction, given in the *Scientific American*, are not likely to be of much interest to the general reader. They tend to show, however, that proper care will be bestowed on the bracing of the work, and that due attention has been paid to the probable force of the wind on it. If constructed, it will be as rigid as though built of stone, and will, from its circular shape, expose very little surface to the wind. It will be the loftiest structure ever built by man, "designed by American engineers, reared by American mechanics, and constructed of material purely the produce of American soil." But, *cui bono?* Their answer to that question by anticipation is, that the Americans may "make themselves a name." Nothing more.

The Palmer.

The following letter dated Cooktown, April 11, was received by Mr Bishop, of the Grey-mouth *Evening Star* office. The writer, Mr Charles Wilson, is well known in Greymouth, and the information he sends may be accepted as more reliable than sensational telegrams from parties who may possibly be interested in keeping up the excitement. The writer says:—

"According to promise, I take this opportunity of informing you of the state of things over here. I landed in Cooktown a week ago, and as far as my limited experience permits me to judge, I can safely say there is little or nothing to warrant the rush. The present state of things is decidedly bad. There are at present in Cooktown about 4000 diggers, and about the same number are said to be on the Palmer, and the boats are arriving every day crowded with more. What they are all going to do is more than I can tell—except something fresh opens up, as there is little or no gold getting at present. All that was found on the river was got easy and quickly; some parties did very well, but there is nothing now doing, and no show for parties coming from a distance, as by the time they arrive the place is worked out. A party can work out a claim in three or four days, and then nothing is left but prospecting. The men at present on the Palmer could have worked out the whole of the gold-fields yet discovered in a week. Some of the first comers had to undergo very great hardships, and a good number of them died under them. One man was lying on the track dead and no one took the trouble to bury him, and two

men were lying beside the road for two or three days in a starving condition unable to go any further, but these were brought back to Cooktown. Flour on the river is from 2s. 6d. to 3s. per pound, but that would be nothing if gold could be only obtained to pay for it. Don't advise anybody to come over here at present. There is a good number of West Coast men here, but they are clearing out as opportunities permit. Any person coming now must be prepared to buy pack-horses and go prospecting, as there is no other show at present. I intend to clear out to some of the neighbouring colonies as soon as I can, for I fancy this would be a bad place to get hard up in. The climate is healthy, though very hot; there is very little fever. I send you a Cooktown *Courier*, the only paper published here at present, although there is some talk of starting an opposition."

The foregoing is word for word as the letter was received, and needs no comments.

A Mining Engineer.

A motion, by Mr Reeves, for the appointment of a mining engineer for the Province, was carried in the Provincial Council on Thursday. We agree with the mover in the pressing necessity for this appointment; but we entirely differ from Mr Donald Reid, who said that because the machinery in use for crushing quartz did not save all the gold, the shareholders in quartz-mining companies should be punished for permitting this waste to continue. If Mr Reid had known anything practically of quartz-mining, he would not have ventured to make such a remark. The fact is, it is not the fault, any more than it is the wish, of the shareholders in these companies, that a very large percentage of fine gold should pass off from the batteries in the tailings; but it would not pay them to resort to the very tedious and delicate processes which are used by assayers when testing small quantities of ore. They save what they can with the machinery at their disposal, leaving it to others to treat the tailings. In Victoria, and at the Thames, this is a separate and distinct branch of mining industry; and on an average those who treat tailings merely, make a larger profit on their outlay than the mine-owners who crush the ore in the first instance. But the services of a skilled mining engineer would be an incalculable gain to the mining population at large, as well as to those interested in quartz-mining; and we think the Province might well afford to pay the salary of such an officer, more especially as the gold-fields contribute largely to the Provincial revenue. In Auckland a somewhat similar officer is appointed, under the title of Mining Inspector, the office being created by Act of the General Assembly, and the arrangement has been found to work well. Quartz-mining is being developed as an industry in Otago, and we think steps should be taken in this respect at least, to assimilate our gold-fields establishment to that in the North.—*Guardian*.

Death at the Helm.

The *Detroit Free Press* says:—On Sunday morning, December 14, two farmers and their families who were driving to Malden to attend church, when about eight miles below, or east of the town, saw a ship's yawl on the lake heading toward the beach about a half mile away. They could plainly make out a man in the stern sheets steering the boat with an oar, and although there were no vessels in sight the morning was so pleasant and the sea so smooth, that it was supposed he had put off from shore to pick up something, and but little attention was paid to the yawl. Passing the same spot on their return the men found the yawl hard on the beach, and the man sitting stiff and motionless in her stern, lifeless, and frozen hard as a rock. He sat bolt upright on the seat, the oar out behind and both hands clasping the handle, and it required hard work to wrench it from his death grip. There was about a foot of water in the boat, but the craft did not show rough usage. The man's legs were almost covered with ice as far up as his knees, and the spray had dashed over his back and shoulders and frozen there. There was no name on the boat, and the person who brought the information to Windsor could not say that anything was found on the person of the man to reveal his identity, nor to show how he had been cast adrift. He must have been dead at least three days or more. There was neither sail nor mast to the boat, and nothing in it but one oar, showing that the poor fellow had not intended a long trip anywhere, and that he must have been blown off the shore. He had used his oar to keep before the wind, and had frozen to death on his seat, where he was so firmly held by the ice that it had to be broken with stones before he could be pulled off.

A nugget weighing 11 ozs. 2 dwts. was found the other day in the neighbourhood of the Sutton, in the Upper Taieri.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Diseases of the skin.—No case of disease of the skin, be its nature what it may, has failed to be benefited by these potent remedies when properly applied. In scrofulous and scorbutic affections they are especially serviceable. Scurvy and eruptions, which had resisted all other modes of treatment and were gradually becoming worse from year to year, have been completely cured by Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills, which root out disease from the blood itself leaving the constitution free from every morbid taint. In the nursery Holloway's Ointment should be ever at hand; it will give immediate ease in sprains, contusions, burns, scalds, infantile eruptions, and may be safely applied by any ordinary attendant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The latest story about the Asia immigrants is that four of them were London prize-fighters.

Mr H. Gordon, the well-known basso, leaves the Carindini Company at Sydney, and intends proceeding to Europe to study under the best masters there.

In the Provincial Council yesterday, Mr Wilson stated that he thought it a public duty of the owners of newspapers to publish the advertisements from the Gazette on the subjects of rewards for convictions free of cost. Mr De Laubour, in reply to Mr Wilson's suggestion, said he thought it just as much a matter of public duty for a tailor to furnish free of cost a pair of trousers to the first Highlander he met without them.—*Daily Times*.

At the banquet given the other day in Dunedin to Mr A. J. Burns, His Honor the Superintendent, while proposing the toast of the evening, said:—"He would take this opportunity of travelling a little out of the direct course, and give his humble opinion respecting the class of immigrants they were getting. (Hear, hear, and applause.) They would be much better without immigrants at all than the class they were getting—(hear, hear, and applause—much better to depend upon our own resources. (Cries of Oh, and laughter.) Yes, he would say that they would be better to depend upon their home production—(continued laughter)—the native manufacture, though it might be but slow work, than the shoddy devil-dust they were getting. (Loud laughter and applause.)"

A very curious complication occurred at the Kilmore Race Meeting, Victoria, on Easter Monday. It was generally expected that Victorian would be the only starter, and consequently nearly all the treble-event bets commenced with his name. It turned out that the race was a walk-over for this horse, but, as he broke his back at the first hurdle, and the judge gave it as no race, the question arose as to how the bets stood. The backers of the horse declared it was a walk-over, coming to the post was enough in a jumping race to claim the stakes; while on the other hand those who gave the odds were positive that, as Victorian had not got over the course, he had lost the race. It was urged if a horse cannot get round, how can he win a race? But the Grand National Rule, which applies also to hurdle races, is—"If a horse be weighed for, mounted, and proceed to the starting post, and no competitor appear, he shall be considered the winner." Therefore, Victorian is a winner, although he broke his back.

It really seems as if misfortune is inherent to some people, that more than a fair share of that trouble which we are taught to believe is man's portion devolves upon them. Many singular cases of the kind have come under our notice from time to time, but not one perhaps, more striking than the case of a fine little boy, whose name we suppress for many reasons. The lad had long been afflicted with total blindness, and bore the great sorrow with singular fortitude, and, with philosophy rare in one so young, looked inwardly for and found that light which was denied him in the outer world. He turned his attention to music, and was rapidly attaining considerable proficiency in the art of violin-playing, when what would appear to have been a mandate of inexorable fate, crushed him to the earth with another blow. One day last week, he was assisting to split some wood, and was feeling if the wedge were in the rent, when, not noticing the little fellow's position, the lad who was wielding the maul brought it down heavily on the wedge-head and crushed the other's hand—the left. Medical assistance was at once called in, and it was found that the middle finger was badly broken between the knuckle and the first joint, and the hand much bruised besides. Amputation, although recommended, was not then resorted to, in compliance with the boy's piteous entreaties to save his finger for the sake of his violin; but although postponed, it had to be resorted to on Saturday, when the lad was unwittingly placed under the influence of chloroform and the finger removed at the knuckle joint. Truly does this case present a sad instance of accumulated misfortune.—*Daily Times*.

The *Maryborough Advertiser* relates the following account of a passage from Rockhampton to Cooktown in the barque Thomas Brown:—"Endeavour River, Tuesday, February 10, 1874. We have had an awful passage. Before leaving the bay a few of us, seeing the crowded and unsafe state of the ship, entered a protest at the Port Office against her proceeding to sea; but the only redress we had was in the shape of about a dozen police being sent down with their staves to keep us in order. The sea on the bar was awful, the horses being knocked from one end of the stalls to the other; and before the pilot left us some of them broke through, and were lying one on top of the other. Before we were out forty-eight hours all the horses in the hold were adrift, fighting and kicking, and to save the vessel the hatches were put on, and the poor things were suffocated, the cries and groans being awful to listen to; but it lasted a very short time. In about a quarter of an hour they were quiet; and when in the morning we looked down among them a sight was seen impossible to describe. Seventy-six horses lying dead, some with their bowels torn out, others with their eyes kicked out; some with lumps of flesh half torn from their ribs and thighs—for they must have fought like dogs; and in some places they were lying four and five deep, one on top of the other. Owing to the storm that was raging, nothing could be done towards their removal till next day, and by that time they were in a state of putrefaction."

VARIETIES.

"That's my impression," as the printer said when he kissed his sweetheart.

Dolly Varden pants are the latest American novelty. We should not be astonished if many a Yankee pants after Dolly Varden.

Eat bricks and sand, oh, Ethiopian man,

You say the Africa poli can't,

Believe you, though, I really sha'n't,

Eat bricks and sand the poli-can't!

"Knowing" People.—I find plenty of people who are willing to tell you all they know, if you tell them all you know, but the misery of the trade is, they don't know much.—*Josh Billings*.

The sinking of a Mississippi steamboat is thus graphically described:—

"She sot and hove, and hove and sot,

And high her rudder flung,

And every time she hove and sot,

A wusser leak she sprung."

A fellow in Norwich was bitten by a dog. As soon as he recovered from his fright, he declared he would kill the animal. "But the dog isn't mad," said the owner. "Mad!" shouted the victim, exasperatingly, "what in thunder has he got to be mad about?" He evidently misconstrued the explanation.

A woman died lately, aged 105. She had her senses up to the last, and expressed a belief that she was being cut off in their bloom by bad ventilation and city air. If she had only remained in the country, where she was born and brought up, she might have lived out the remainder of her days. A sad, sad warning.

"I am a lover rejected. Pray what shall I do? Shall I 'shuffle this mortal' like some lovers true?" A. "Oh, no; for such actions make waste of good blood. Just keep up your courage,—your chance is still good. Remuster your forces, your colours unfurl, and go forth to the conquest of some other girl!"

"What a nuisance!" exclaimed a gentleman at a concert, as a young fop in front kept talking in a loud voice to a lady at his side. "Did you refer to me, sir?" threateningly demanded the fop. "Oh, no; I meant the musicians there, who keep up such a noise with their instruments that I can't hear your conversation."

"Little Tommy didn't disobey mamma, and go in swimming, did he?"—"No mamma, Jimmy Brown and the rest of them went in; but I remembered, and would not disobey you."—"And Tommy never tells lies, does he?"—"No, mamma; or I couldn't go to heaven."—"Then how does Tommy happen to have on Jimmy Brown's shirt?"

There was a sadness and impenetrable gloom in a house in the city E.C. last week. A youth of eighteen summers and seventeen winters got too near the gas, and the grease on his moustache took fire. That moustache, slight and spare as it was, had cost him six months' tender nursing and fond caressing, and there wasn't enough of it left to make a decent-sized toothpick for a fly.

It is rather hard to have nice facts disturbed by subsequent explanations. A few days ago a man's life was saved by the ball from a pistol accidentally discharged entering a Bible which he carried in his pocket. Everybody said, "See how the religious are rewarded!" until it was discovered that this devotee had stolen the sacred volume, and was on his way to pawn it for liquor.

Kate Stanton, in her lecture on "The Loves of Great Men," asserts that the planets revolve around the sun by the influence of love, like a child revolves about his parent. When the writer was a boy he used to revolve around his parent a good deal, and may have been incited thereto by love, but to an unprejudiced observer it looked powerfully like a trunk strap.

There were green peaches on exhibition before one of our markets recently, and there was a melancholy interest in listening to the observations of people as they passed the stand. "Our Charley went to a better world with three of them," said one lady in a cracked voice. "They made me an orphan," observed a ragged young man, wiping his eyes. "We'll meet above, dear Danny," and the young couple who said it passed tearfully by. "My old man pegged out on them things," gasped a venerable old lady from the suburbs. And thus the mournful procession glided on.—*Danbury News*.

I went straight to the dentist's (says the "Danbury Newsmen"). I had had teeth pulled out for me with a thread, and I was not afraid. I told the dentist the trouble. He knew all about it, and invited me to take the chair. I asked him if it would hurt to have the tooth pulled. He said it wouldn't, and I believed him. I laid back my head, and opened my mouth, and he reached in with a murderous-looking instrument, and went to prowling around in there. I didn't think it was so easy to have a tooth pulled, and fell to regretting that I hadn't come down before and oftener, when he suddenly bore down on my jaw, and I fairly screamed with agony; then he came right up, and I screamed again. When he went down I thought I was dead; but when he came up I knew better, and was sorry for it. He asked me if it hurt, but I didn't say anything. I was too proud to say it did, and too mad to say it didn't. But the next two days I waited round for his son, who was about my age, and if ever there was a boy who had reason to regret his father's vocation, it was that boy.

In the city of Mobile there are daily drawings of lotteries, and the negroes are the principal buyers of tickets. An honest old uncle called Jeff was opposed to the business, and had forbidden his wife buying tickets. She secretly did buy one, and after the drawing placed it in her market basket, intending to stop at the office on her way to market to learn her luck. The old man discovered the ticket before she left the house, and pasted it on the back of the door of their cabin. The wife went on her way, arrived at the office, and ascertained that she had drawn a prize of fifty dollars, but was much excited at not finding the ticket. Returning home, she searched in vain for the ticket, until the old man asked her what she was looking for. She told him, and that it had drawn a prize. He rushed to the door, and finding he could not remove the ticket without destroying it, seized the door, took it from its hinges, and placed it on his head, and "made tracks" for the office. Arriving almost out of breath, he thrust the door at the clerk, and exclaimed, "Dar's de ticket! dar's de ticket! Jes gib us de money; dat's all we wants!" And like many other good men, white as well as tinted, his moral forerunner melted away before the prospective greenback.

Dunedin Advertisements

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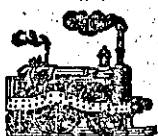
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THOMAS HAWTHORNE begs to inform his old friends and acquaintances that he has taken for a term of years the above Hotel, where he hopes to receive a call from them. The Bendigo Hotel contains every accommodation, and the present proprietor's only aim will be to give satisfaction to his customers.

The comforts of a home, combined with the conveniences of a hotel, are to be found at

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Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised: If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and flung in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacksands is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at 182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

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No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorous
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

* * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

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TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1874.